Harmonization and Digitalization of the Nigeria Driver's Licence (NDL)

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Highlights

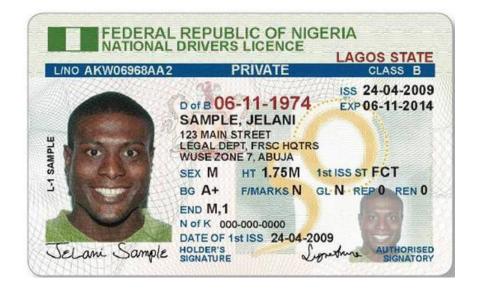


- AIM
- Preamble
- Functions of FRSC
- History of NDL
- NDL Framework

- Evolution of Digital NDL
- Review of NDL
- Challenges
- Value Additions
- Conclusion



To highlight the efforts of Nigeria at harmonizing and digitalizing the national driver's licensing scheme.



Preamble



The Federal Road Safety Commission (FRSC) was established in 1988 as Nigeria's lead agency for road safety management and traffic administration. Its enabling law is cited as the FRSC (Establishment) Act, 2007.

The Act provides that the Corps shall discharge functions relating generally to:

Functions of FRSC



1

Making the highway safe for motorists and other road users

2

Clear obstructions on the public highways

3

Recommending works and devices designed to eliminate or minimize accidents on the highways and advising the Federal and State Governments including the Federal Capital Territory Administration and relevant governmental agencies on the localities where such works and devices are required

4

Educating motorists and members of the public on the importance of discipline on the highway

5

Design and produce the NDL to be used by various categories of vehicle

6

Determine from time to time, the requirements to be satisfied by an applicant for a NDL

7

Establish and maintain a Central Data Bank for vehicles and Drivers for the Federation

8

Determine and enforce speed limits to all categories of vehicles according to the classes of roads

9

Cooperate with
Bodies, Agencies,
and Groups
engaged with road
safety
management
locally and
internationally

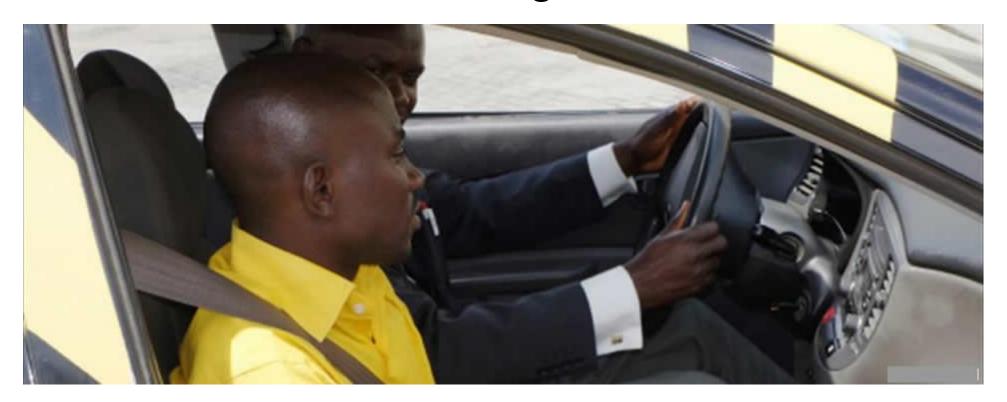
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Any other duties that the Federal Government may assign from time to time

History of the Nigeria Driver's Licence



The Corps discovered that the carnage on Nigeria highways had its roots in some critical factors like; the drivers training, Licensing and enforcement of road traffic regulations.

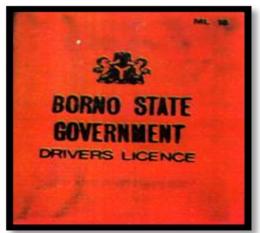


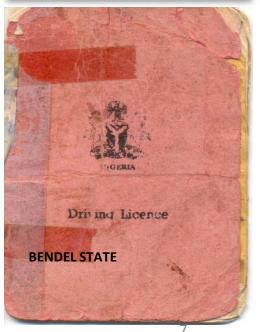
History of the Nigeria Driver's Licence...ii



The old licensing regime was characterized by:

- Different types of DLs as the number of States in the Federation.
- ■Irregularity in data of applicants on DL from state to state.
- Inconsistency in data capture arising from different formats deployed from state to state.
- Inability to identify and track traffic offenders
- Inability to sanction traffic offenders
- Lack of centralized NDL database
- Individuals holding multiple driver's licences from same or multiple States.





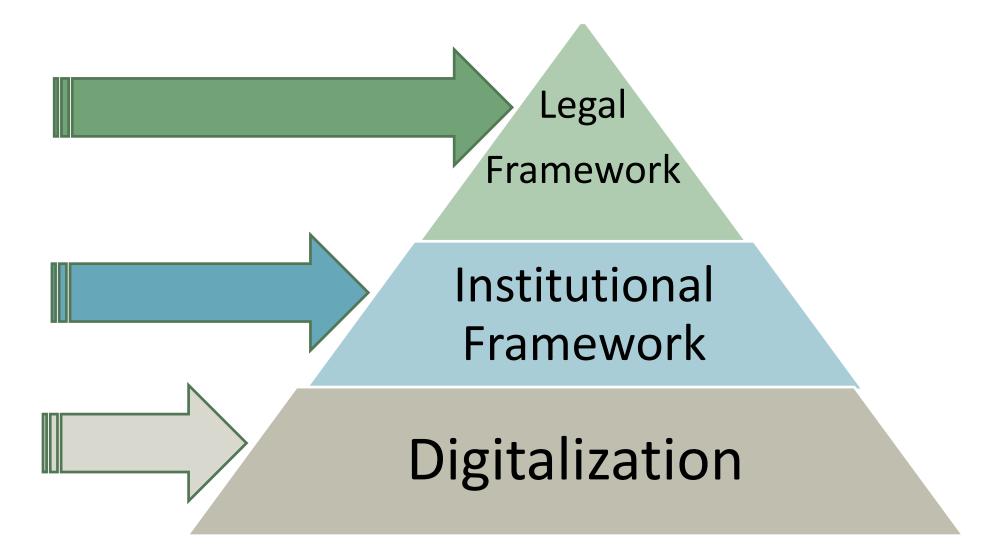
History of the Nigeria Driver's Licence...iii



The idea of nationally harmonized and digitalized licensing system was muted in 1989 by the Federal Road Safety Corps, which led to the production of the first National Driver's Licence (NDL) in 1990.

Nigeria Driver's Licence Bedrock Framework





Nigeria Driver's Licence Bedrock Framework...ii



LEGAL FRAMEWORK



The official legal articles that enable the Corps to harmonize, regulate and digitalize production of the Nigeri Driver's icence include:

- A. FRSC (Establishment) Act, 2007
- B. National Road Traffic Regulations (NRTR), 2012

☐ The FRSC (Est.) Act, 2007. Sect.10(3) d & e empowers the Corps to:

- ✓ Design and produce the DL to be used by various categories of vehicle
- ✓ Determine from time to time, the requirements to be satisfied by an applicant for a DL.

Nigeria Driver's Licence Bedrock Framework...iii



LEGAL FRAMEWORK...ii

☐ The NRTR 2012, Section 42. (a, b, c, & e) empowers the Corps as follows:

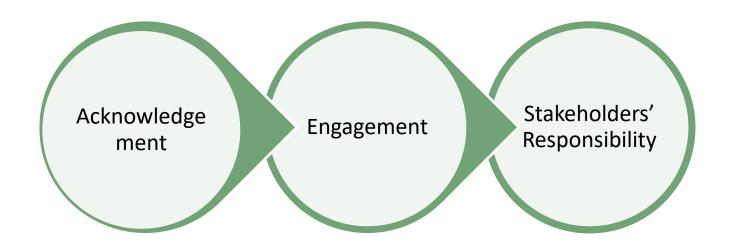
- (a) Establish and maintain a Central Data Bank for vehicles and Drivers for the Federation
- (b) Every Motor Licensing Authority in any State of the Federation shall provide to the Commission copies of any records, documents or particulars in respect of vehicles and licensed drivers.
- (c) The Commission shall keep records of all registered vehicles, licensed drivers and transport operators in the Central Data Bank.
- (d) Any record kept in the Central Data Bank may on request be made available by the Commission to the Police or any other authority
- (e) The Central Data Bank shall operate as the National Central Motor Registry and the Corps Marshal shall be the Registrar.

Nigeria Driver's Licence Bedrock Framework...iv



INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK

The institutional framework evolved around:



Nigeria Driver's Licence Bedrock Framework...v



INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK...ii

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

At a Stakeholders' forum, it was agreed by all participants that the driver's licensing system in existence then was not good enough for the country and that there was the need to evolve a better system.

Nigeria Driver's Licence Bedrock Framework...vi

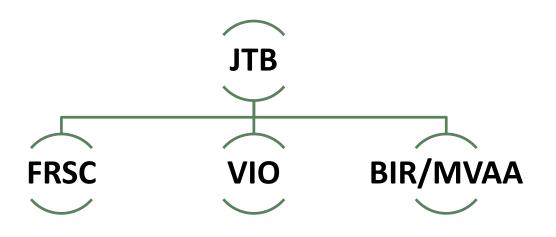


INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK...iii

ENGAGEMENT

Stakeholders agreed to anchor the process of producing the new Driver's Licence on a tripartite agreement under auspices of the Joint Tax Board (JTB). The tripartite arrangement included:

- The Federal Road Safety Corps (FRSC),
- Vehicle Inspection Office (VIO) and
- States Board of Internal Revenue (BIR/MVAA).



Nigeria Driver's Licence Bedrock Framework...vii



INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK...iv

STAKEHOLDERS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Under the JTB umbrella, Stakeholders agreed that the responsibility for the production of digitalized Nigeria Driver's Licence (NDL) should be shared among the following:

Federal Road Safety Corps (FRSC)

Vehicle Inspection Officers (VIO)

Board of Internal Revenue (BIR/MVAA)

Design and production of NDL

Testing the eligibility of a potential driver before an NDL is issued

Determining fees to be paid for NDL and ensure distribution of NDL to owners after the production

Nigeria Driver's Licence Bedrock Framework...ix



DIGITALIZATION

Digital technology is used in the production of NDL to change its business model and provide new values for the Nigeria Driver's Licence with a view to establishing a database for all licensed drivers.





Evolution of Digital Driver's Licence



HARMONIZATION AND DIGITALIZATION

The harmonization and digitalization of NDL Scheme commenced on 5th, Feb 1990 with Stand-Alone Computer Machines. (A device that is self-contained, that does not require any other device to function).

Only the applicant's Bio-data (Name, date of birth, address etc) was captured on the computer, while Bio-metrics (Passport, Thumb print and Signature) were manually placed on the Driver's Licence cards. The cards were then laminated at the Nigeria MINTS to ensure authenticity and security.

Evolution of Digital Driver's Licence...ii



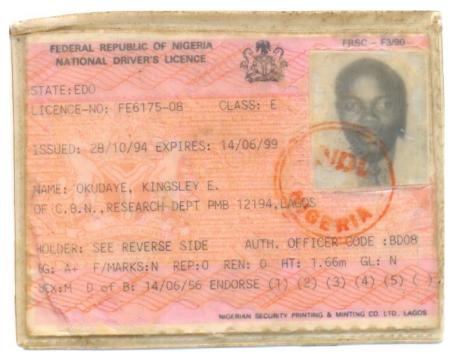
Before the end of 1992, the Corps acquired a MINI Frame Computer (MV1500) connected to about 37 Desktop computers (each computer dedicated to each State of the federation and FCT) for a Local Area Network to capture Bio-data in the databank. Tabletop scanners, scanned applicants Bio-metrics images from the application form into the driver's licence card before it was laminated at the Nigerian MINTS.

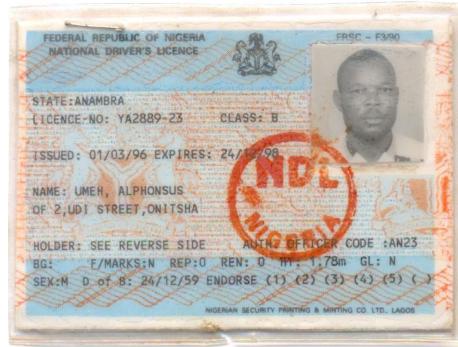
Only the Bio-data was stored in the Databank at this stage and the production of NDL was centralized at Ojodu, Lagos.

Evolution of Digital Driver's Licence...iii



NATIONAL DRIVER'S LICENCE (1990 -1997)





Evolution of Digital Driver's Licence...iv



DECENTRALIZATION OF PRODUCTION CENTRES

Between 1994 and 1995, the Corps decentralized production of the NDL from one production centre in Lagos to three, the additional two centres in Kaduna and Enugu, to ensure effective service delivery and promotion of efficiency.

The three centres sent weekly data backup in floppy disks to the central databank in Lagos.

Evolution of Digital Driver's Licence...v



HERALDING THE ENDL

In 1997, the Corps migrated to the use of Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) card in the production of NDL thereby heralding the era of the Enhanced National Driver's Licence (ENDL).

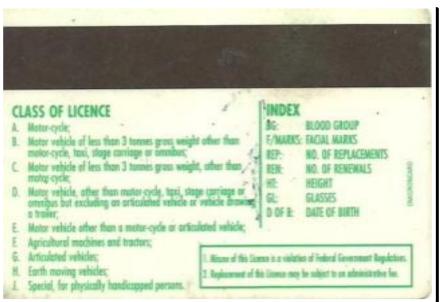
Production of ENDL was further decentralized; each state had at least an ENDL production outlet known then as **Information Processing Centre** (IPC).

Evolution of Digital Driver's Licence...vi



ENHANCED
NATIONAL
DRIVER'S
LICENCE
(1997 - 2005)





Evolution of Digitalized Driver Licence...vii



Unlike the previous stage, each IPC was equipped with desktop computer, camera, thumbprint pad, signature pad and printer to produce the ENDL.

A weekly backup of both the Bio-data and Bio-metrics was sent to the Central Data Bank (CDB) with the aid of diskettes due to non-availability of internet connectivity to the centres .

Evolution of Digital Driver's Licence...viii



THE INTRODUCTION OF THE CNDL

In 2005, the Corps in an effort to enhance the security of the NDL and improve on the digital technology, made changes to the data structure. The NDL name was changed to the *Customized National Driver's Licence*

(CNDL)

CUSTOMISED

NATIONAL DRIVER'S
LICENCE (2005-2011)



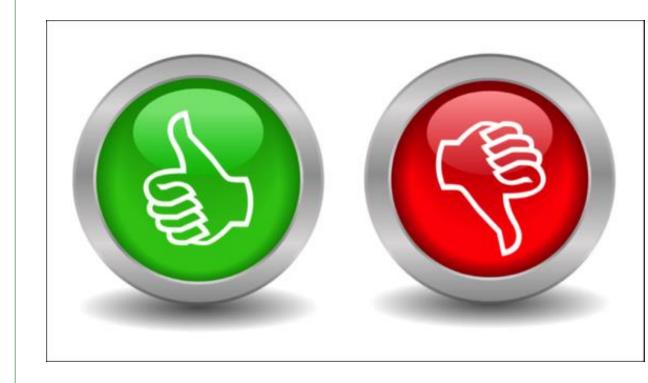
Review of the Nigeria Driver's Licence



BERTHED ENDL

FRSC undertook a review of the CNDL in **2008** in order to address some gaps in the processes.

The review covered several key areas of the licensing scheme, to take cognizance of Technology, Processes and People.



Review of the Nigeria Driver's Licence...ii



Key findings from the review included:

- Significant number of drivers' licences existed outside the system
- Obtaining multiple licenses under different identities
- Lack of standards in training and testing
- Inability to track the driver's licence applicant from training to issuance stage.
- Cumbersome license acquisition process
- Inability to effectively monitor drivers performance after licence issuance

Review of the Nigeria Driver's Licence...iii



Resolutions on Identified Issues

To resolve the identified issues with the previous scheme, the following recommendations were put forward:

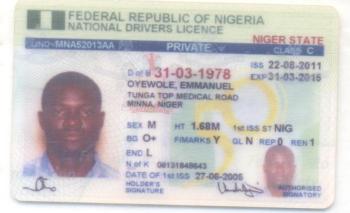
- ✓ Implementation of a robust bio-metric verification system for driver's license holders
- ✓ Adoption of a one-stop-shop where all participating agencies will be co-located
- ✓ Accreditation of driving schools
- ✓ Accreditation of drivers instructors
- ✓ Implementation of uniformed testing standard

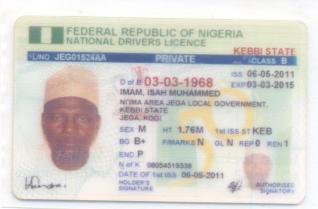
Review of the Nigeria Driver's Licence...iv



FRSC proceeded to implement the recommendations from the review of the previous CNDL scheme. A new and improved scheme was introduced in **2011** known as the **Enhanced National Driver's Licence Scheme** (ENDLS).

ENHANCED
NATIONAL
DRIVER'S
LICENCE (2011
TO DATE







Review of the Nigeria Driver's Licence...v



The ENDLS improved on the following functional areas of the previous scheme:

- TECHNOLOGY (IT Systems): There was an introduction of new IT Systems to support the Drivers Licence process. Some of the systems implemented were;
 - ✓ Identity Management System (Demographics and Biometric Systems)
 - ✓ Card Production System (Print Farm)
 - ✓ Drivers Training and Testing System (DSSP)
 - ✓ Biometric Investigation System
 - ✓ Inventory Management System

Review of the Nigeria Driver's Licence...vi



- Processes: New and improved processes for application of drivers licence was introduced. The processes covered:
 - ✓ Drivers Training
 - ✓ License Application
 - ✓ Data Capture
 - ✓ Identity Management
 - ✓ License Printing and Dispatch
 - People: Continuous training for FRSC personnel on various aspects of the scheme and systems

Attributes of the ENDL



The ENDL scheme is built on four key attributes;

The ENDLS is a cost effective and self sustaining endeavor. The licence fee is the same across the country

In the contract of the contrac

ENDLS

Measures have been put in place to ensure the driver's licence is a reliable means of identification

The Nigeria driver's licence has a distinct look and is acceptable internationally.

Accessibili

All customer groups have ready access to services relating to the driver's licence.

Process for obtaining the ENDL



ENDL Application Process:

In line with the provisions of National Road Traffic Regulation (NRTR) 2012, FRSC has put in place processes to support the application of driver's license in the country. These processes have been designed to be simple and seamless while also ensuring the highest level of integrity is maintained in the issuance of drivers license.

- These processes provide support for the following:

 □ Application for driver's licence for the first time
 □ Renewal of expired driver's licence
 □ Reissuance of lost or damaged driver's licence
- ☐ Obtaining Commercial driver's licence

Process for obtaining Fresh ENDL...ii

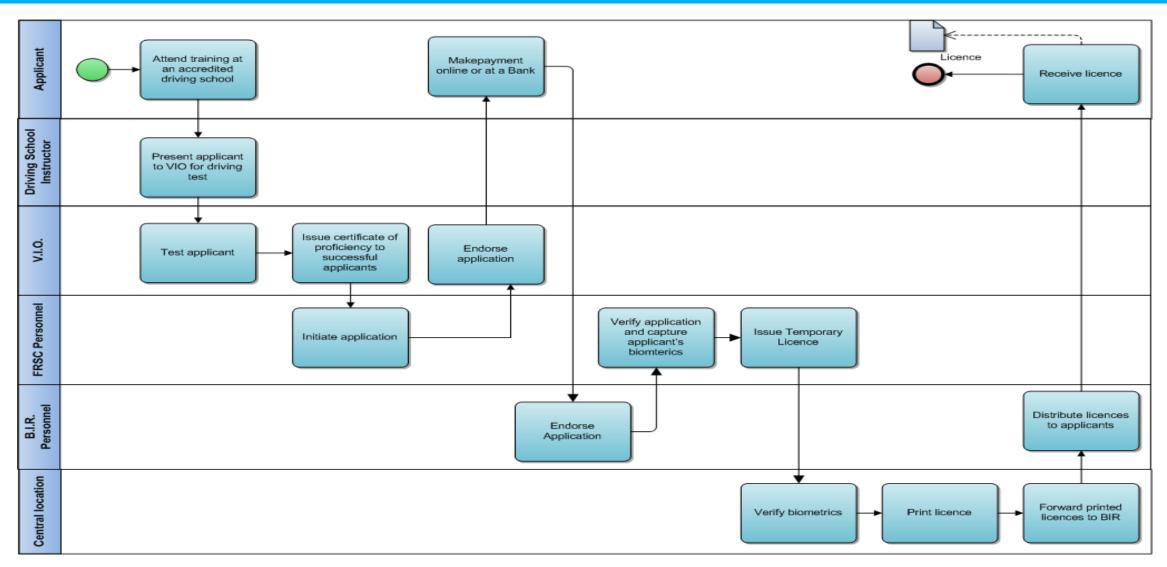


☐ In completing the processes for acquisition of the driver's licence, an online web portal (demographic application) is used to capture the demographic information as well as testing information on applicants. This application also has an integrated payment gateway for payment of required licence fees.

☐ In addition to the demographic application, a biometric application is used to capture and verify biometric information of applicants.

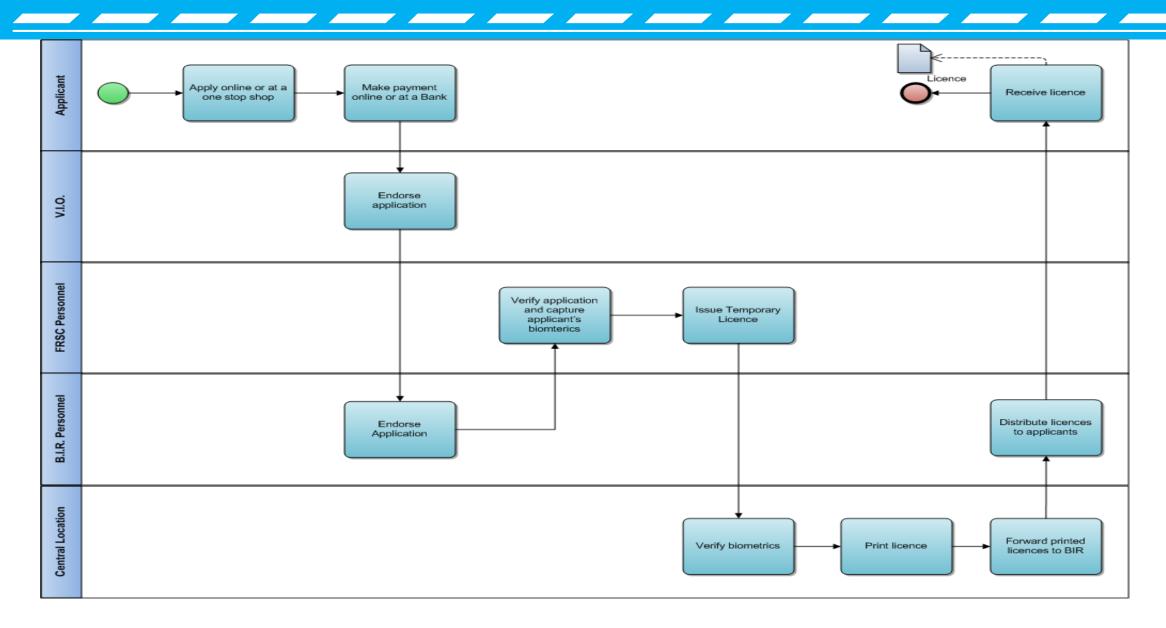
Fresh Driver's Licence Application Process





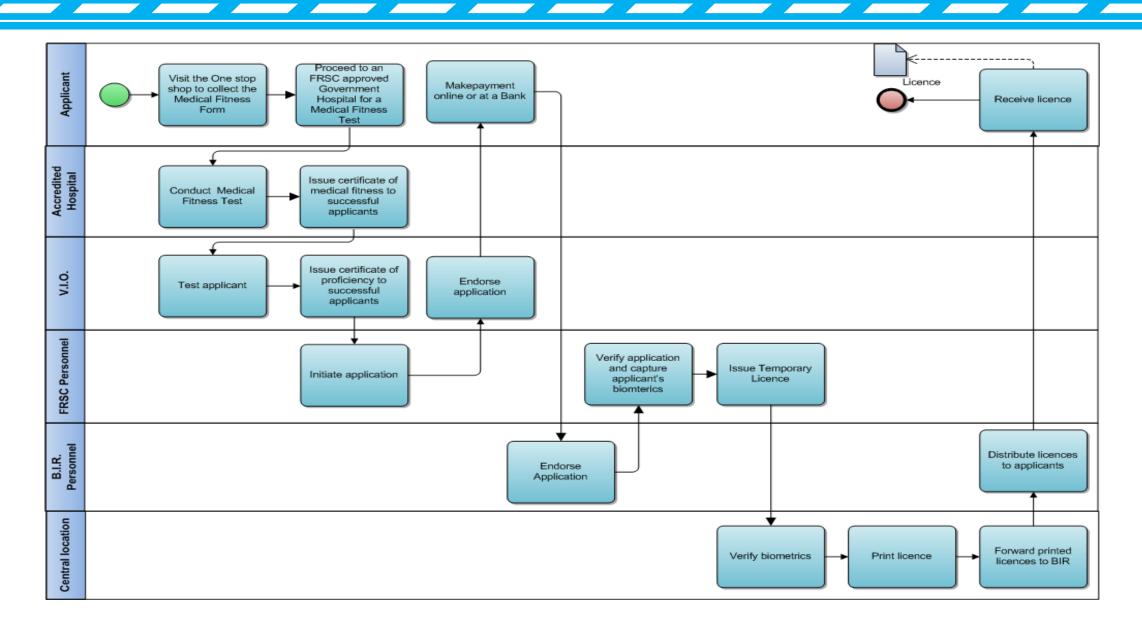
Renewal & Re-issuance of driver's licence





Commercial driver's license Application





Measures Instituted at improving the ENDL process



One-Stop Shop

The Corps conceived the idea of a one-stop shop at the commencement of the ENDL scheme. The shop comprised all the relevant agencies involved in the processing of driver's licence.

The agencies are co-located within a premises known as the Driver's Licence Centre (DLCs).

The designed is to ease the process of driver's licence application and processes thereby also saving applicants the time to visit each of the respective agencies (BIR, VIO and FRSC) for individual endorsement.

Measures Instituted at improving the NDL process...ii



- Vehicle Inspection Officers (VIO): Upon completion of training at the driving schools, applicants are required to be tested by VIO. Only those applicants who passed the VIO test proceed to process the driver's licence.
- Board of Internal Revenue (BIR): The BIR or Motor Vehicle Administration Authority (MVAA) is responsible for endorsing applications for processing and distribution of printed permanent drivers licence to applicants.
- Federal Road Safety Commission (FRSC): is responsible for capturing applicant's biometrics upon endorsement by BIR and printing of the permanent driver's licence.

Measures Instituted at improving the NDL process...iii



Driving Schools:

These are privately owned institutions/entities approved by the FRSC to train would-be drivers for the purpose of obtaining fresh ENDL



Driver's Licence Centres (DLC)



FRSC commenced the current NDL scheme with 72 centres which were existing DLCs from the previous scheme. Currently, there are **214** workstations across the country.

#	State	DLCs
1	Abia	Aba
2	Ebonyi	Abakaliki
3	Ogun	Abeokuta
4	FCT	Abuja
5	Ekiti	Ado Ekiti
6	Ondo	Akure
,	Edo	Auchi
8	Anambra	Awka
9	Lagos	Bariga
10	Bauchi	Bauchi
11	Edo	Benin
12	Kebbi	Birnin Kebbi
13	Cross River	Calabar
	Yobe	Damaturu
	Jigawa	Dutse
16	Akwa Ibom	Eket
17	Enugu	Enugu
18	Lagos	Eti-Osa
19	Lagos	Eti-Osa_I
	Lagos	Eti-Osa_II
	Gombe	Gombe
22	Zamfara	Gusau
_	FCT	Gwagwalada
24	24 FCT Headquarters1	
25	Ogun	Ijebu Ode

26 Lagos Ikeja 27 Lagos Ikeja_I	
27 Lagos Ikeia I	
2/ Lagos 1kcja_1	
28 Lagos Ikorodu	
29 Kwara Ilorin	
30 Taraba Jalingo	
31 Adamawa Jimeta	
32 Plateau Jos	
33 Kaduna Kaduna	
34 Kano Main	
35 Nasarawa Karu-I	
36 Nasarawa Karu-II	
37 Katsina Katsina	
38 Nasarawa Lafia	
39 Kogi Lokoja	
40 FCT Mabushi	
41 Benue Makurdi	
42 Niger Minna	
43 Borno MMC	
44 Anambra Nnewi	
45 Oyo Ogbomoso	
46 Lagos Ojo	
47 Lagos Ojo_I	
48 Lagos Ojodu	
49 Ogun Ojodu Abiodun	
50 Lagos Ojodu_1	

51 Lagos	Ojodu_II
52 Oyo	Onireke
53 Anambra	Onitsha
54 Osun	Osogbo
55 Ogun	Otta
56 Ogun	Otta_I
57 Imo	Owerri
58 Oyo	Oyo_Atiba
59 Rivers	Port Harcourt
60 Rivers	Port Harcourt II
61 Kano	Rano
62 Kano	Sabongari
63 Oyo	Saki
64 Delta	Sapele
65 Ogun	Shagamu
66 Sokoto	Sokoto
67 Oyo	State Secretariat Agodi
68 Niger	Suleja
69 Abia	Umuahia
70 Akwa Ibom	Uyo
71 Delta	Warri
72 Bayelsa	Yenagoa
	40

Yearly Progression of Driver's Licence Centres (DLC)



In 2014, the Corps increased the number of DLCs with the addition of 57 new workstations to the existing 72 centres.

#	State	DLCs
1	Katsina	Daura
2	Kaduna	Kafanchan
3	Delta	Koko
4	Delta	Oleh
5	Edo	Abudu
6	Ebonyi	Afikpo
7	Delta	Agbor
8	Lagos	Agege
9	Anambra	Aguata
10	Zamfara	Anka
11	Lagos	Anthony
12	Lagos	Apapa
13	Delta	Asaba
14	Lagos	Badagry
15	Gombe	Bajoga
16	Kano	Bichi
17	Rivers	Diobu
18	Osun	Ede
19	Enugu	Edinburg
20	FCT	Fed Secretariat

21 Edo	Forestry
22 Katsina	Funtua
23 Kano	Gwarzo
24 Osun	Ife
25 Ondo	Ikare_Akoko
26 Osun	Ikirun
27 Lagos	Ikotun
28 Ogun	Ilaro
29 Ebonyi	Ishielu
30 Osun	Iwo
31 Kano	Kano_Municipal
32 Oyo	Kishi
33 Niger	Mokwa
34 Nassarawa	Nassarawa_Toto
35 Enugu	Nsukka
36 Adamawa	Numan
37 Kwara	Offa
38 Cross River	Ogoja
39 Delta	OGWASHI-UKU
40 Imo	Okigwe

41	Edo	Oluku
42	Kwara	Omu_Aran
43	Ondo	Ore
44	Lagos	Oshodi
45	Osun	Osu
46	Benue	Otukpo
47	Plateau	Pankshin
48	Delta	Patani
49	Plateau	Shendam
50	Lagos	Surulere
51	Sokoto	Tambuwal
52	Rivers	Tax_Office
53	Delta	Ughelli
54	Kaduna	workstation ll, Kaduna
55	Taraba	Wukari
56	Kaduna	Zaria
57	Kebbi	Zuru

Yearly Progression of Driver's Licence Centres (DLC)...ii



In 2015, the number of existing DLCs was increased to 172 with the addition of 43 new workstations.

#	State	DLCs
1	Kebbi	Argungu
2	Delta	Asaba_Child
3	Bauchi	Azare
4	Plateau	Bukuru
5	Nassarawa	Doma
6	Katsina	Dutsin-ma
7	Rivers	Eleme
8	Enugu	Enugu_Child
9	Oyo	Eruwa
10	Benue	Gboko
11	Taraba	Gembu
12	Zamfara	Gumi
13	Sokoto	Gwadabawa
14	Ekiti	Ido-Osi
15	Akwa Ibom	Ikot-ekpene
16	Sokoto	Isa
17	Ogun	Isheri
18	Gombe	Kaltungo
19	Imo	Owerri_Child
20	Abia	Aba_Child
21	Benue	Kasina-ala
22	Niger	Kontagoro

23 Bauchi	Misau
24 Taraba	Mutun Biyu
25 Delta	Obiaruku
26 Delta	Oghara
27 Delta	Orerokpe
28 Benue	Oturkpo
29 Kano	Kano Main_Child
30 Delta	Warri_Child
31 Bayelsa	Yenagua_Child
32 Lagos	Egbeda
33 Lagos	Iru-Vi
34 Lagos	Ojokoro
35 Lagos	Aguda Coker
36 Lagos	Epe
37 Edo	Ekpoma
38 FCT	Lugbe
39 FCT	Bwari
40 FCT	Karshi
41 FCT	Kugbo
42 Oyo	Iwo Road
43 Oyo	Apata Area

Yearly Progression of Driver's Licence Centres (DLC)...iii



Between 2016 and 2017, there was addition of 22 new workstations to the existing DLCs across the country.

#	State	2016 & 2017 DLCs
1	Kogi	Okene
2	Kogi	Kabba
3	Kwara	Adewole
4	Delta	Asaba_II
5	Oyo	Challenge_Area
6	Kaduna	Kawo
7	Lagos	Oshodi_Bolade
8	Lagos	Unilag
9	Abia	Osisioma
10	FCT	Karshi
11	Rivers	Eleme PTD
12	FCT	Аро
13	Cross Rivers	Ikom
14	Kwara	Share
15	Kaduna	Tundun Wada
16	Jigawa	Hadejia
17	Ondo	Ondo Town
18	Akwa Ibom	Oron
19	Imo	Owerri 2
20	Borno	Bolori Maiduguri
21	Yobe	Potiskum
22	Kogi	Ayingba

TEETHING CHALLENGES



The challenges of the harmonized and digitalized ENDL includes:

Network Challenges:

Nigeria still grapple with the challenge of poor network bandwidth. The slow speed in network connectivity is one major challenge facing Driver's Licensing Scheme.

Cost of production of Permanent Licence:

The current economic challenges in the country is also impacting negatively on the Scheme as the cost of procuring materials for production of the driver's licence has increased without commensurate increase in the cost of product.

WAY FORWARD



The challenges of the harmonized and digitalized ENDL includes:

Network Challenges:

Nigeria still grapple with the challenge of poor network bandwidth. The slow

Cost of production of Permanent Licence:

The current economic challenges in the country is also impacting negatively

VALUE ADDITIONS OF DIGITALIZED DRIVER'S LICENCE



Since inception of harmonized and digitalized NDL by FRSC, there has been immense improvements in the Scheme. Some of these notable landmarks include:

Development of Harmonized and digitalized Driver's Licensing system.

Establishment of NDL databank: Establishment of a computerized national data bank of licensed drivers in the Country.

VALUE ADDITIONS OF DIGITALIZED DRIVER'S LICENCE...ii



- Expansion of the network of centres across the country: The Corps in conjunction with the various State governments have deployed Driver's Licence Centres across the country thus ensuring easy access to services provided by the Centre.
- Bypass Capture: FRSC introduced the Bypass Capture functionality in 2015 to make the process of licence renewal and reissue seamless. This feature is aimed at decongesting the various DLCs and providing Nigerians with the ability to renew their expired licence from the comfort of their homes and offices without having to visit the processing offices.

VALUE ADDITIONS OF DIGITALIZED DRIVER'S LICENCE...iii



- Introduction of validity option: FRSC has made the validity of driver's licence more flexible as applicants have the option of either selecting 3- years (at NGN 6,350) or 5-years (at NGN 10,450).
- Introduction of One Driver, One Record: The Corps introduced the One Driver
 One Record system to eradicate multiplicity in driver's licence issuance and
 enhance national security.
- Regulation of Driving Schools: The Corps deployed the Driving Schools
 Standardization Programme (DSSP) was introduced to ensure that only
 properly trained and certified drivers are issued with licences. The DSSP
 application portal is used to monitor the operations of all the certified driving
 schools.

VALUE ADDITIONS OF DIGITALIZED DRIVER'S LICENCE...iv



Verification Portal: FRSC deployed a verification service where the public can verify the authenticity of the driver's licence.

Information Sharing: The Corps share intelligence and information with other security agencies, banks, embassies and Corporate organizations to combat crimes using the driver's licence database.

VALUE ADDITIONS...v



VERIFIABILITY OF THE NDL: SHORT CODES FOR NDL VERIFICATION

□To verify the genuineness of a NDL, text "verifydlicence space licenceNumber" and send to 33324. This will return whether the NDL is valid or not;

□while the status of NDL can be verified by texting "NDL Status space LicenseNo" to 33811, this returns whether the NDL is printed or not.

VALUE ADDITIONS OF DIGITALIZED DRIVER'S LICENCE...vi



Acceptability of the NDL in the international Community as reliable and dependable document.

CONCLUSION



The harmonization and digitalization of the drivers licensing scheme which now provided authentic database for drivers in Nigeria with other multiplier advantages such as verifiability, reliability and dependability has brought about sanitization of drivers record.

The records are accessible by relevant security agencies using the available platforms has contributed to improve the internal security architecture of the country.

CONCLUSION...ii



Also, maximizing the use of the records will further improve planning and implementation of policies for the economic growth of the nation.



LIST OF FRSC DIGITAL PLATFORMS/ APPLICATIONS

LOGO	WEBSITE/APPLICATION	URL
TOTAL AND DATE IT IN THE PARTY	FRSC official website	www.frsc.gov.ng
Financial Road Salely Corps The count Road S	National Vehicle Identification Scheme (NVIS)	www.nvis.frsc.gov.ng
The state of the s	Nigeria Driver's Licence (NDL) website	www.nigeriadriverslicence.org
Federal Road Safety Commission The Safety Commission Class of the interest Prin or Engage Class of the in	Information verification portal (IVP)	www.ivp.frsc.gov.ng
THE RECOVERAGE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR	FRSC Intranet	www.intranet.frsc.gov.ng
Websites for the following the state of the	Duty Room Information Management System (DRIMS)	www.dutyroom.frsc.gov.ng

LOGO	WEBSITE/APPLICATION	URL
The state of the s	Field Ops Portal	www.fieldops.frsc.gov.ng
FEDERAL ROAD SAFETY CORPS THE NATION FRANCE PROPERTY OF PROPERTY	Annual Performance evaluation	www.apers.frsc.gov.ng
For any other state of the stat	Reports System (eAper)	
RTSSS	RTSSS	www.rtsss.frsc.gov.ng
SPEED (S)	Speed Limiter Portal	speedlimiter.frsc.gov.ng
	<u>Driving School Standardization</u>	www.dssp.frsc.gov.ng
DSSP	Programme (DSSP)	
FEDERAL ROAD SAFETY CORPS POST SERVICE SCHEME	Post Service Scheme Portal (PSS)	pss.frsc.gov.ng

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